

# Epics Tutorial 2a: Installation on Linux

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- This tutorial was based on the epics documentation. For more information check epics website - <http://www.aps.anl.gov/epics/index.php>.
- Epics can be installed on any Linux distribution (Ubuntu, Debian, etc.). This tutorial was made using Debian - <https://www.debian.org/>.
- Copy and paste the commands in the Linux terminal.
- Don't hesitate to send me questions, comments and suggestions.

## Before begin

Epics requires some extra libraries, I believe it is enough to install the following libraries:

- autoconf
- libtool
- libncurses5-dev
- libreadline5 (old versions)
- libreadline-gplv2-dev (old versions)
- lesstif2-dev
- libXmu-headers
- libxmu6
- libbz2-dev
- libfontconfig-dev
- libpng12-dev
- libxml2-dev
- zlib1g-dev
- re2c
- intltool
- libglib-2.0 dev
- libboost-program-options-dev
- pkg-config
- libusb-dev

Open the linux terminal and type the following commands:

```
sudo apt-get install autoconf libtool libncurses5-dev lesstif2-dev
sudo apt-get install libxmu-headers libxmu6
sudo apt-get install libpng12-dev libxml2-dev libusb-dev
sudo apt-get install libbz2-dev libfontconfig-dev
sudo apt-get install zlib1g-dev intltool re2c libglib-2.0 dev
sudo apt-get install libboost-program-options-dev pkg-config
```

## Making it easy

Set `HOSTNAME` equal the "computer user name" (so you can copy and paste commands directly in the linux terminal):

```
export HOSTNAME = username
```

For example: `export HOSTNAME = carlosgaldino`

If you don't know your username, use the command:

```
whoami
```

To determine whether the command worked just type:

```
echo $HOSTNAME
```

The terminal must return the user name recorded. Another way to verify that the command "export" worked is to use the command "env", which shows a list of all variables defined.

```
env
```

## Preparing files

We are going to install epics on `\opt`. First, go to `opt` folder.

```
cd /opt
```

Create epics folder and changes the permissions (the folder can have any other folder name like "myepics" or "EPICS"):

```
sudo mkdir epics
sudo chown $HOSTNAME epics
sudo chmod -R 777 epics
```

Now go to epics website and download epics base:

<http://www.aps.anl.gov/epics/base/R3-14/index.php>

Go to folder "epics" and Unzip the files inside the folder epics folder:

```
cd epics
tar-zxvf $HOSTNAME/home//Downloads/baseR3.14.12.4.tar.gz
```

Create this link (links are like shortcuts on windows):

```
ln-s 3.14.12.4/base base
```

Note that the last two commands might change according to the version you downloaded and where you saved the tar file.

Go back to `\opt`. The folder might be blocked for edition, so change the permissions again.

```
cd ..
sudo chown $HOSTNAME epics
sudo chmod-R 777 epics
```

## Setting variables

Set the following variables:

- Path to the BASE

OS (note that epics automatically reads your OS, use the command `echo` command to check if it got it right.)

```
export EPICS_BASE = "/opt/epics/base"  
export EPICS_HOST_ARCH = ' $ {EPICS_BASE}/startup/EpicsHostArch '
```

Include epics binaries to PATH

```
export PATH = "$ {PATH}: $ {EPICS_BASE}/bin/$ {EPICS_HOST_ARCH}"
```

Include epics library to LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH = "$ {LD_LIBRARY_PATH}: $ {EPICS_BASE}/lib/$  
{EPICS_HOST_ARCH}"
```

## Building BASE

Enter the base folder and build (install) the base.

```
cd epics/base  
sudo make
```

Have a coffee.

You might find some error along the way, mostly because of missing libraries. Don't panic, use the command `make clean uninstall` to undo the build.

```
make clean uninstall
```

Try figure out what is missing, correct it and run the command `make` again.

## Congratulations

You have successfully installed epics. Go have fun.

Don't forget to add